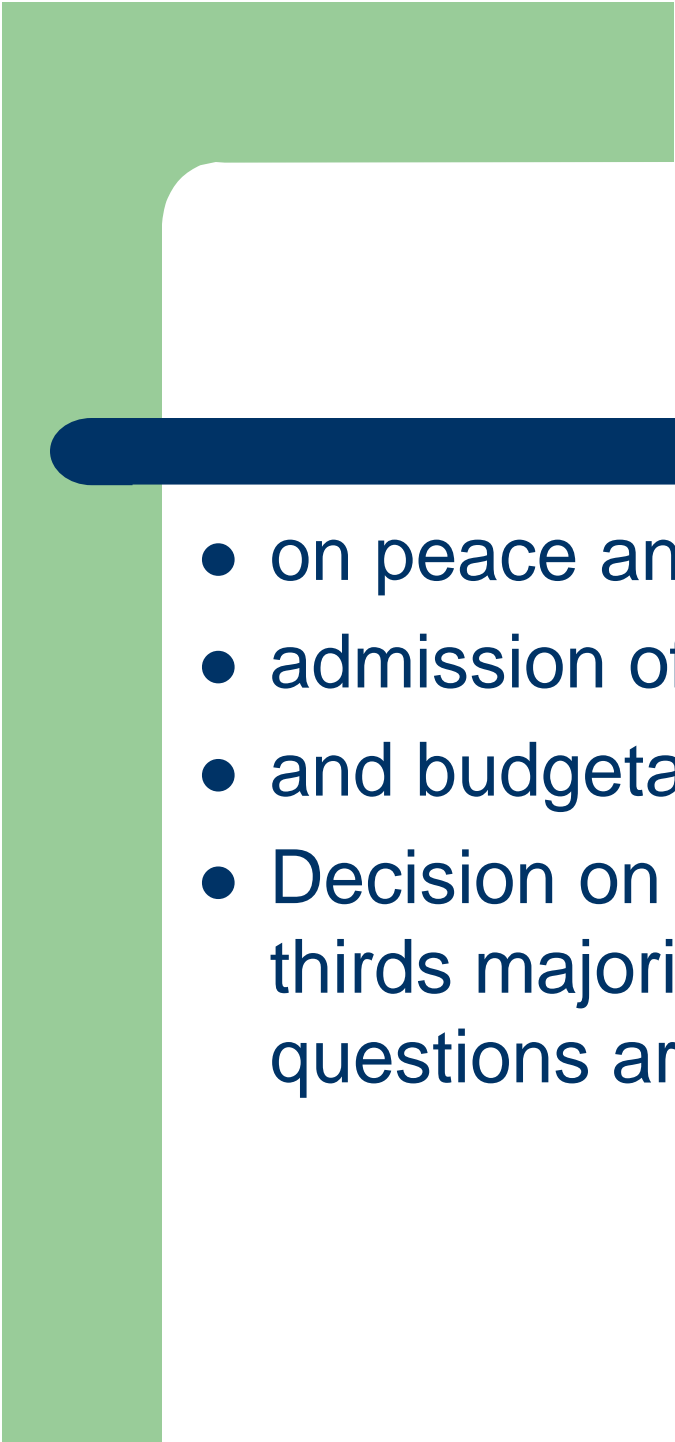



65TH UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

- The General Assembly is the main deliberative organ of the UN.
- The UNGA decides on important questions, such as those on :-

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- on peace and security,
 - admission of new members
 - and budgetary matters
 - Decision on the above issues requires a two-thirds majority. While decisions on other questions are by simple majority.

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- The sixty-fifth ordinary session opened on Tuesday, **14 September 2010**, at 3 p.m. in New York.
 - The **theme** of the **general debate** was "Reaffirming the central role of the United Nations in global governance".

Assembly's Main Tasks:

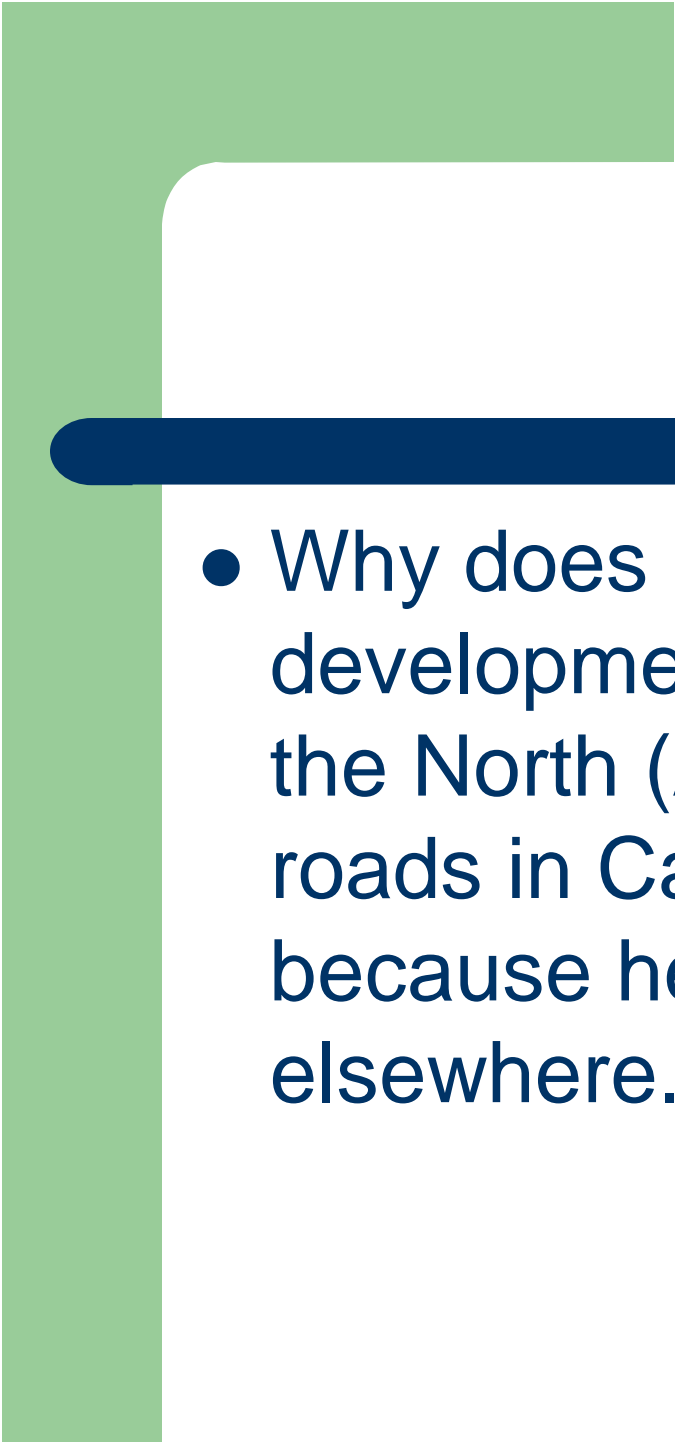

- Ensuring Achievement of Millennium Development
- Therefore, Heads of State and Government expected in New York had to discuss on achievement of the Millennium Development Goals

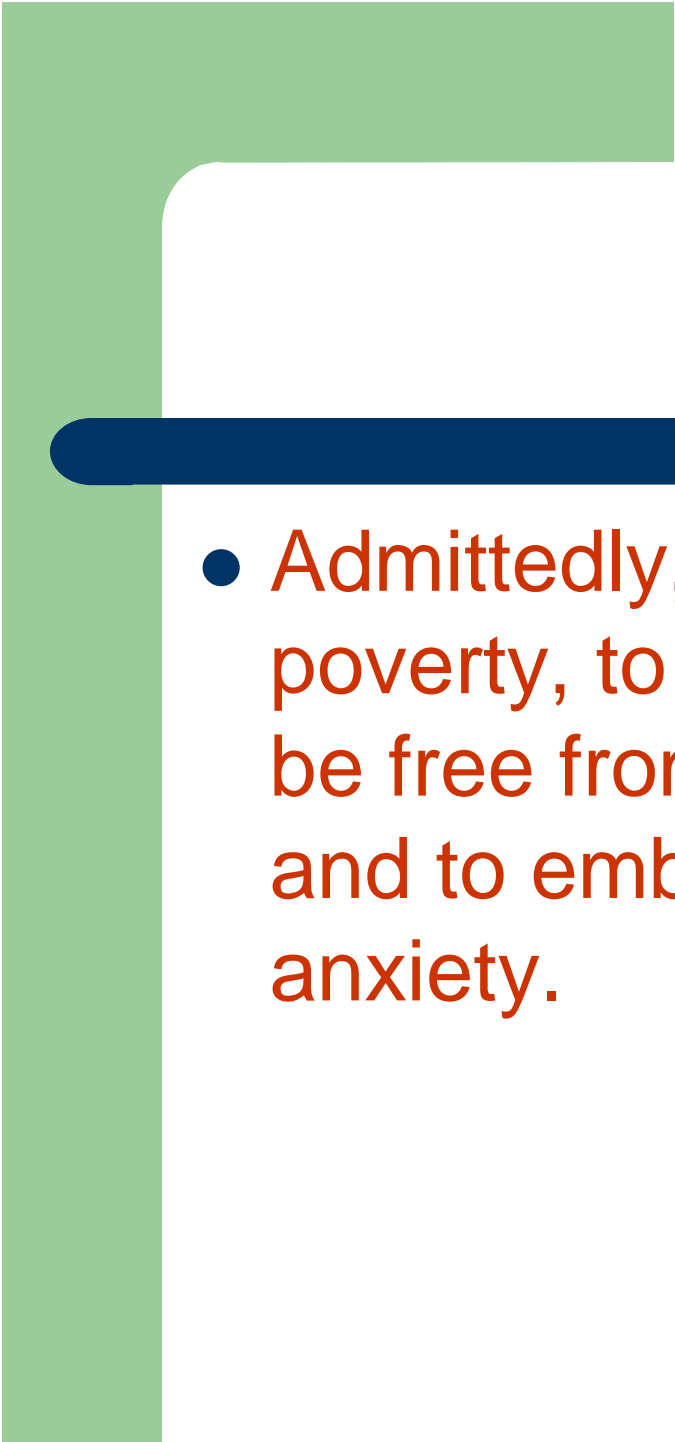

Goals for the general Assemble



- Reinstating United Nations Central Role;
Promoting Sustainable Development

The HIGH and LOW of President Paul Biya's speech

- “Africans seek more understanding and sympathy in the true sense of the term. Indeed, the delayed development they suffer cannot be reduced to the Millennium Development Goals”.
- Is there really need for President Biya to paint Africa a pauper and make it a moron?

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- Why does President Biya think development can only come through the North (AID). This explains why roads in Cameroon have to deteriorate because he wants manna to come from elsewhere.

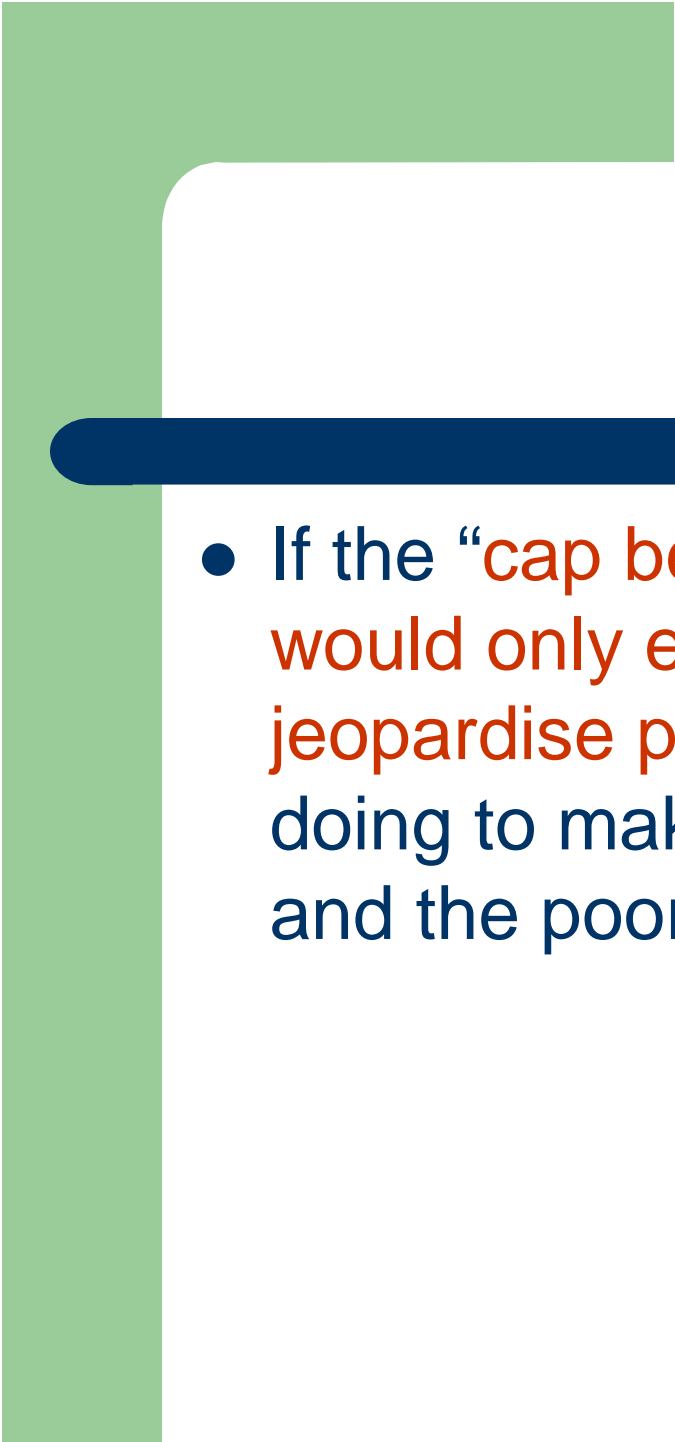

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- Admittedly, they want to come out of poverty, to eat their fill, but above all, to be free from fear and want, to be freer, and to embrace the future without anxiety.

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- In short, they want to live in a society that guarantees them these minimum conditions of existence and wellbeing.
 - A good speech but is it a reality in Cameroon? I believe a country with good democracy enjoys freedom (speech, media)

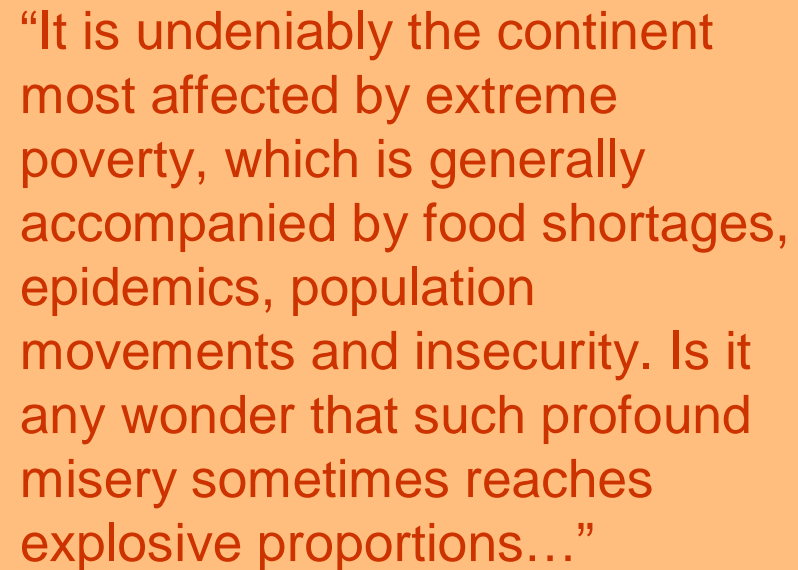
- I have, on several occasions, from this rostrum and under other circumstances, drawn the attention of the international community to the problem posed by the increase in poverty worldwide.



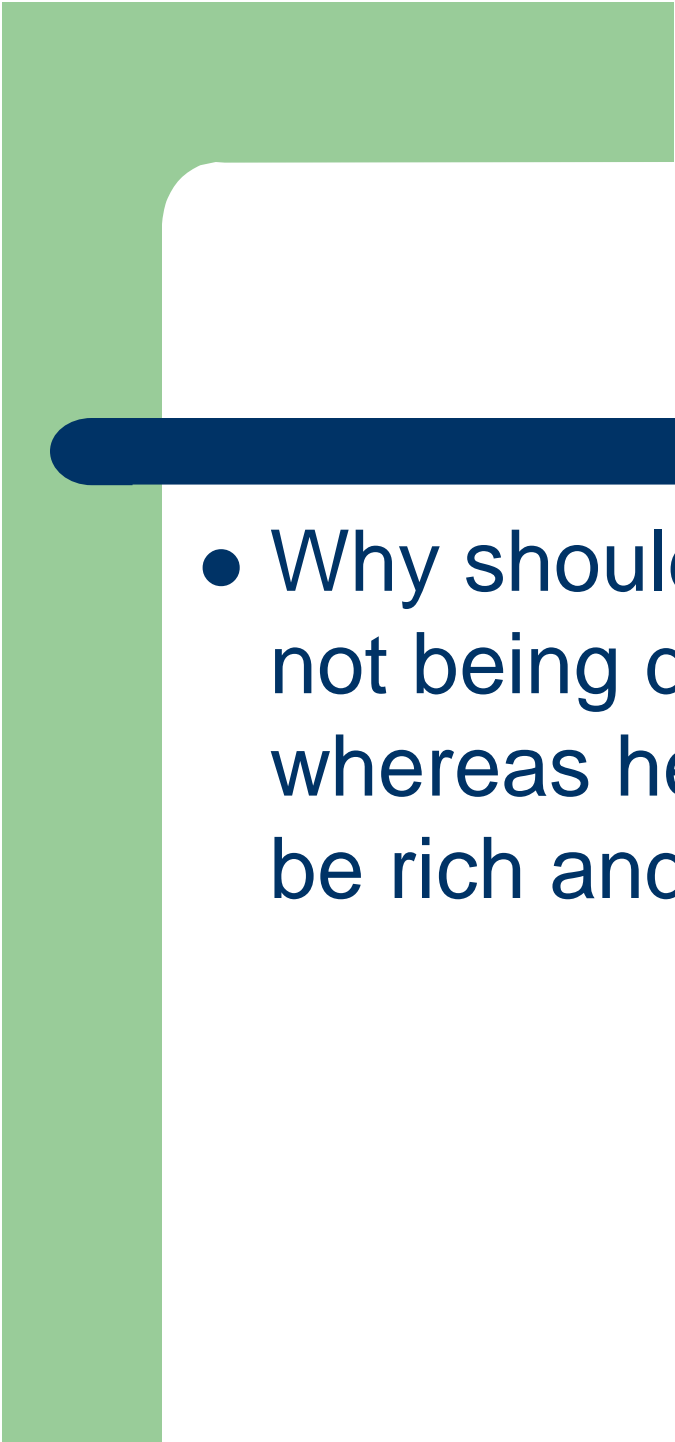

-  See who is talking!

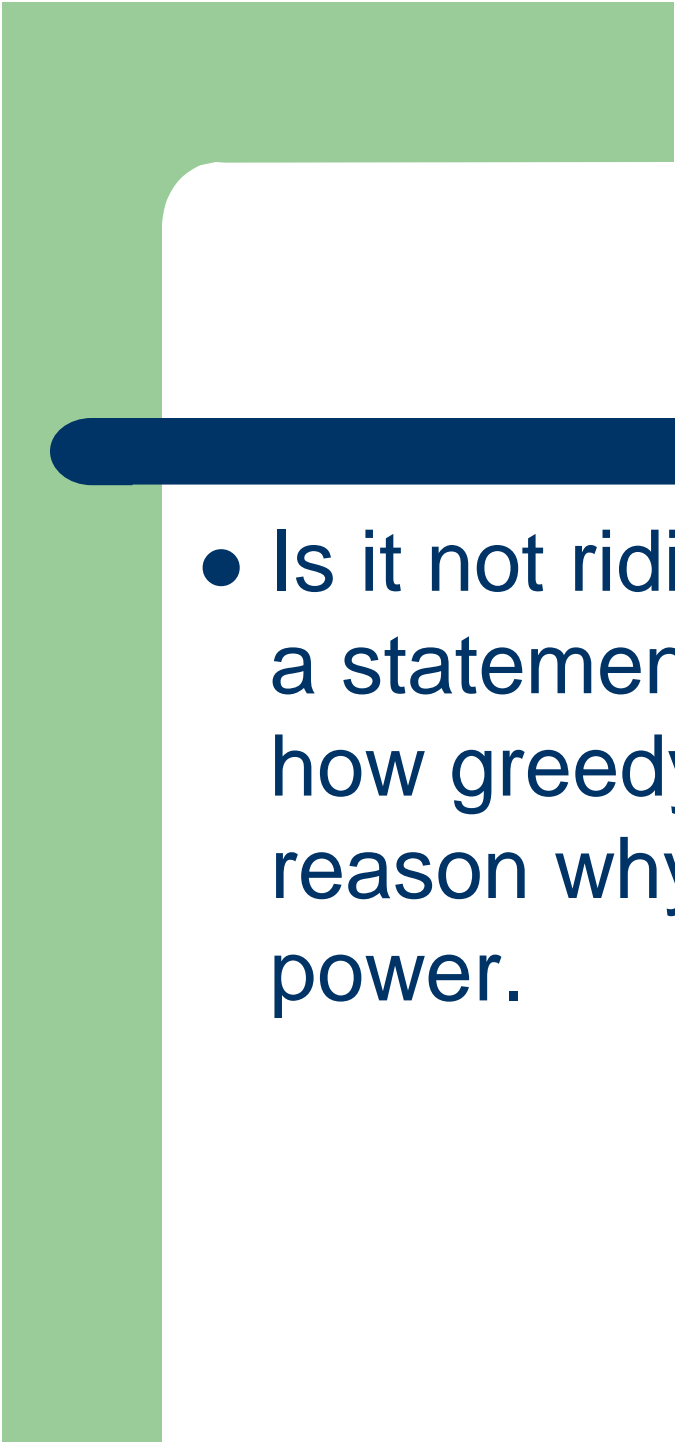

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- If the “cap between the poor and the rich would only exacerbate tension and jeopardise peace” then what is our president doing to make sure the cap between the rich and the poor in Cameroon is less widened?

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- “The international community cannot remain indifferent to this threat that could undermine our efforts to advance democracy and ensure our development”



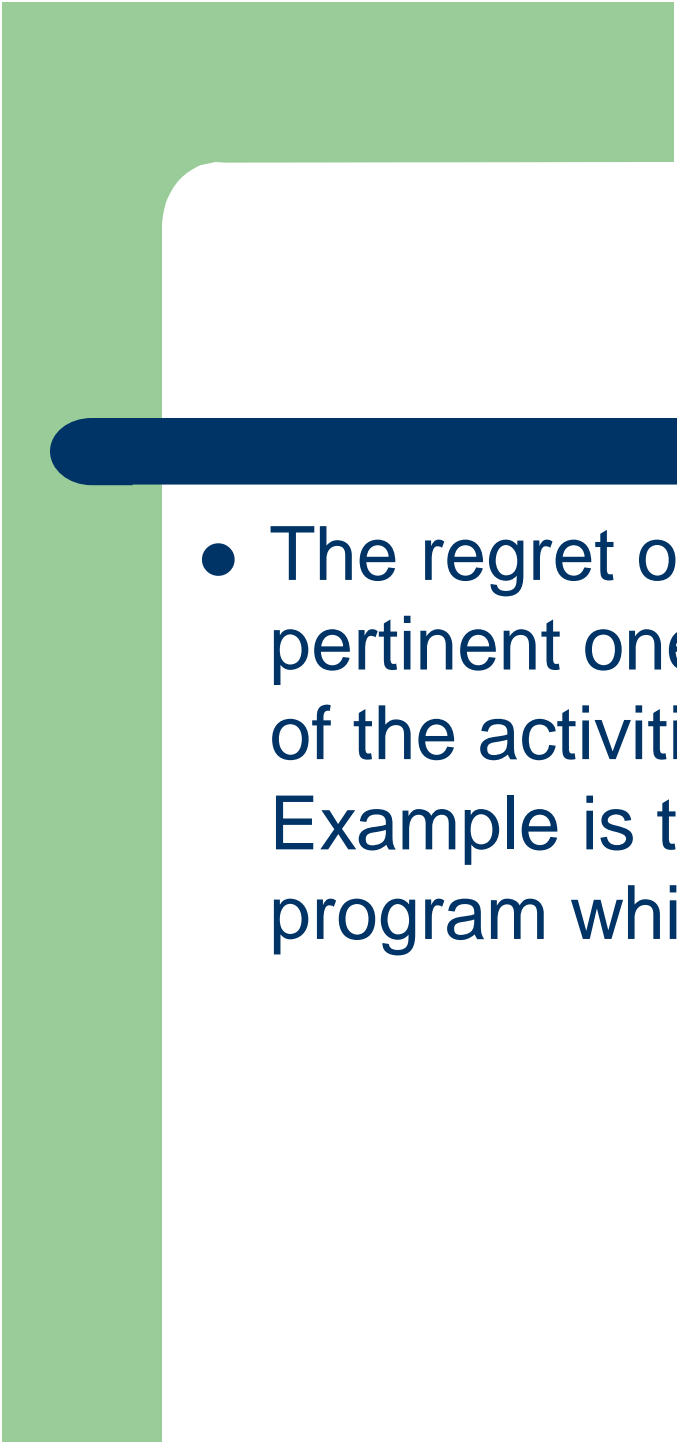

“It is undeniably the continent most affected by extreme poverty, which is generally accompanied by food shortages, epidemics, population movements and insecurity. Is it any wonder that such profound misery sometimes reaches explosive proportions...”

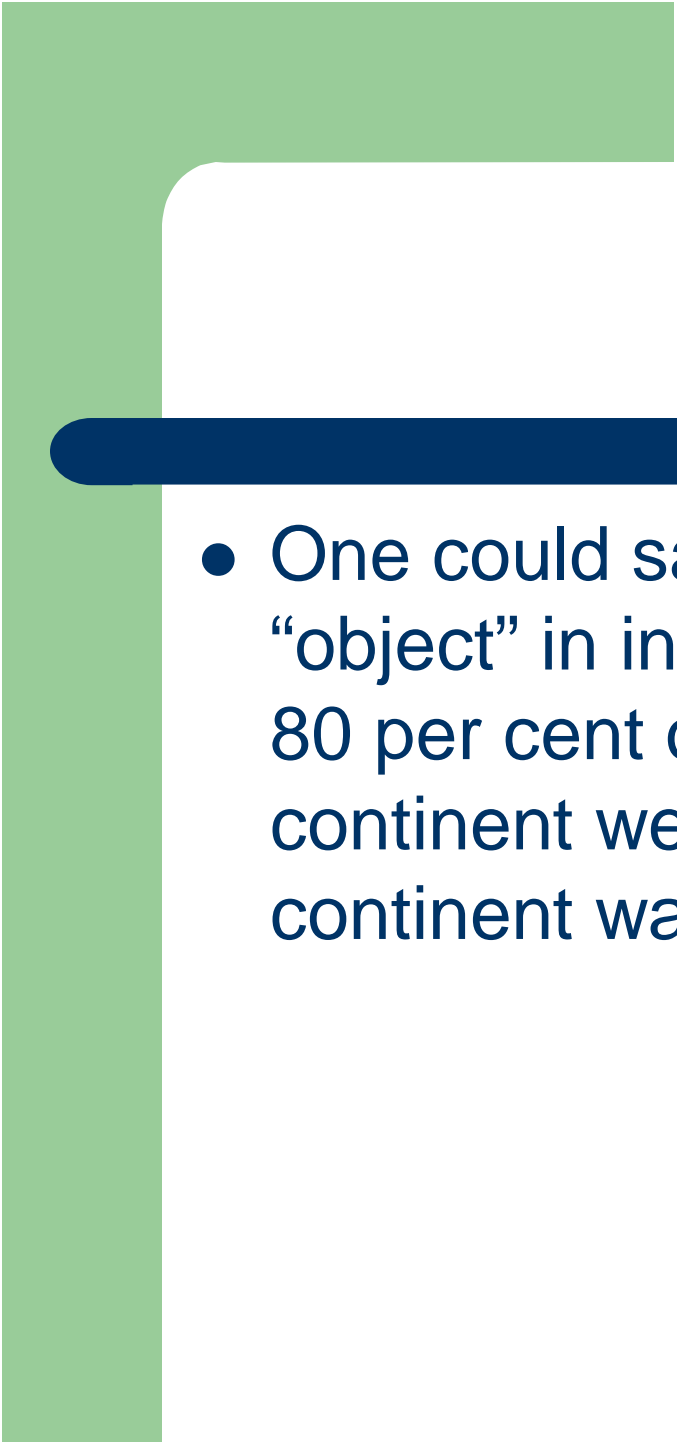

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- Why should Biya appportion blames for not being democratic to poverty whereas he has all within his powers to be rich and feed well?

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- Is it not ridiculous for Biya to make such a statement, telling the whole world of how greedy they are and the most reason why they'll not want to leave power.



- How can we today explain why Africa is the only continent without a Permanent Member on the Security Council? How can we explain that it is unable to make its voice heard when its problems are examined in global economic and financial bodies whereas the decisions taken will be imposed on it?

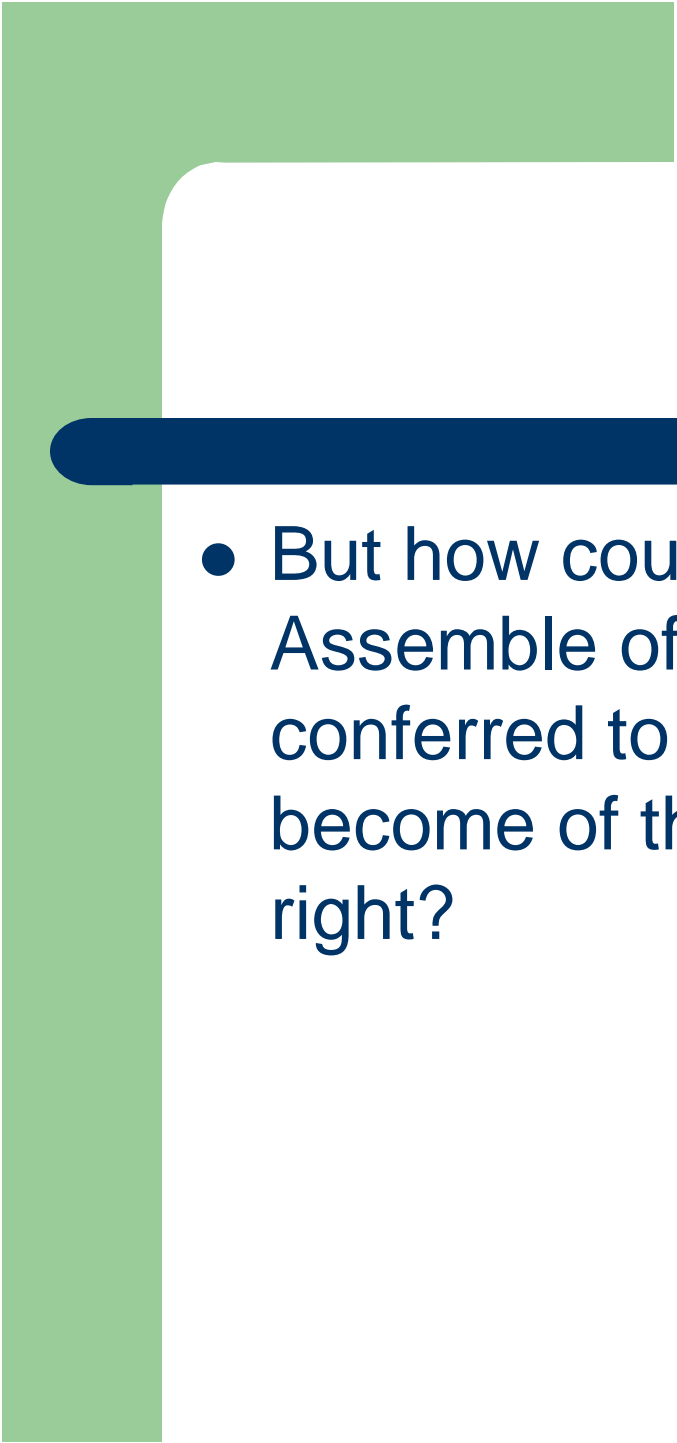



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- The regret of President Paul Biya is a pertinent one as many times Africa is victim of the activities or decisions of the West. Example is the Structural Adjustment program which was bound to fail of course.

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- One could say Africa had been treated as an “object” in international affairs, as about over 80 per cent of the decisions taken on the continent were in instances where the continent was not represented.

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- The emphasis for Africa to have a permanent seat on the Security Council of the world body is an applaud for Biya.

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- It is the more reason why the Development Goals are disappointing, and even unsatisfactory, whereas the deadline of 2015 is just around the corner. Because Africa is the most indebted countries and the set goals were drafted in their absence.

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- But how could Biya forget to remind the Assemble of the trusteeship territories they conferred to French and Britain. What have become of the two Cameroons, Is all going right?

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- Thank you for listening